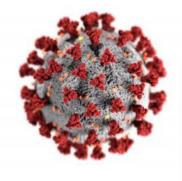


# American Rescue Plan Act of 2021







# **Learning Objectives**

- American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Background
- ARPA's Components
- Allowable Uses for ARPA Funds

- ARPA's Implementation and Timeline
- Revenue Loss Walkthrough



# Before we begin....

WTA is constantly processing new information from Treasury

Do not interpret information in the presentation as being final

TARGETED PATIENCE IS KEY!

WTA Communication

✓ Magazine

✓ County Unit Meetings

✓ Upcoming Rolling FAQs

✓ Email

✓ Legal Hotline

✓ Upcoming Convention

✓ Website

✓ WTA Revenue Loss Calculator

✓ Upcoming Webinars



### **Background**

• On March 11<sup>th</sup>, President Biden signed the American Rescue Plan Act

- ARPA is the fourth COVID-19 related response
  - Families First Coronavirus Response Act (FFRCA)
  - Coronavirus Aid Relief and Security Act (CARES)
  - Consolidated Appropriations Act (CAA)
- FIRST EVER direct allocation to towns
  - State serves as pass through to non-entitlement communities (under 50K population)
  - Need to demonstrate fiscal responsibility in local government



# **Background**

- To date, all but 7 towns and 1 village have accepted funds
  - The second half of your allocations will be distributed no earlier than one year from first allocation
- Funds must be officially committed by December 31, 2024
  - Projects must be completed by December 31, 2026



### Fund Breakdown

- \$1.9 trillion relief package
- \$362 billion Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery program
- 4 Separate Funds
  - 1. \$10 billion Capital Projects Fund
  - 2. \$2 billion Local Assistance and Tribal Consistency Fund
  - 3. \$350 billion State Fiscal Recovery Program
    - Governor Evers \$2.5 billion



### Fund Breakdown (cont.)

### 4. Local Fiscal Recovery Fund

- Counties (\$65.1 billion)
  - WI (\$1.129 billion)
- Municipalities with populations over 50,000 (\$45.6 billion)
  - WI (\$787.9 million)
- Municipalities with populations less than 50,000 (\$19.5 billion)
  - WI (\$399.2 million)



- Treasury has released Interim Final Rule
  - Provides some clarity regarding Allowable Uses
  - Non-Exclusive List of Items

WTA strongly encourages you to read all ARPA guidance



#### 1. Support public health expenditures

- Services and programs to contain and mitigate spread of COVID-19
  - PPE purchases
  - Ventilation improvements in public facilities
  - Qualified Payroll
  - Vaccine Incentives

### 2. Address negative economic impacts caused by public health emergency

- Generally, at least a 2-part analysis if not on list
  - To what extent was the entity, group, sector negatively impacted by the pandemic
  - How is the use you're engaging in proportionately addressing the negative impact
- Supporting Small Businesses
  - Address financial challenges caused by pandemic through loans, grants, in-kind assistance
- Aid to households and individuals
- Speeding the recovery of the tourism, travel, and hospitality sectors



### 3. Replace lost public sector revenue

• Counterfactual Revenue – Actual Revenue

- Base Year Revenue \* [(1 + growth adjustment) ^( n/12)]
  - Base Year Revenue is your 2019 actual revenue
  - Growth adjustment is the greater of 4.1 percent or your average annual revenue growth in 2017, 2018, 2019
  - N is number of months
- Perform Calculations for
  - 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023



### 4. Provide premium pay for essential workers

- "Those workers needed to maintain continuity of operations of essential critical infrastructure sectors..."
- Up to \$13 per hour in addition to wages
- Cannot exceed \$25,000 per eligible worker
- 150% total pay limit
- Not for elected officials



### 5. Invest in water, sewer, and broadband infrastructure

- Water and Sewer (including Stormwater)
  - Construct, improve, and repair wastewater treatment plants
  - Control non-point sources of pollution
  - Culverts? Ditches?

#### Broadband

- <u>Unserved</u> and <u>underserved</u> households and businesses
  - Lacking a wireline connection that reliably delivers minimum speeds of 25 mbps download and 3 mbps upload
- Standard: Service must meet or exceed upload and download speeds of 100 mbps unless 20mbps upload is justifiable



# WELL, WHAT ABOUT ROADS?

Only to the extent for:

Revenue Replacement



### Non-eligible items

- Funds cannot be:
  - Deposited into pension funds
    - "Extraordinary contribution to a pension fund for the purpose of reducing an accrued, unfunded liability"
    - <u>Payroll contributions</u> are <u>allowable</u> for employees whose wages and salaries are an eligible use of funds
  - Used to fund debt services, legal settlements or judgements, and deposits to rainy day funds or financial reserves



### **Next Steps**

- SAMS Registration if you have not already
- Have a community conversation about priorities
- If priorities are clearly eligible in Interim Rule, go for it
- If not...
  - Wait for Final Rule
  - Run the Revenue Loss Calculator
- Get comfortable with reporting required (10/31/21)



- Compare two numbers
  - Actual Revenue the revenue you take in that year
  - Counterfactual Revenue generated through a formula
- You DO NOT have to prove how each dollar was lost due to COVID 19
  - If counterfactual revenue is larger than actual revenue, any difference is presumed to be due to COVID 19
- Analysis is done in:
  - 2020
  - 2021
  - 2022
  - 2023



- What counts as revenue?
  - Taxes
    - E.x. property taxes, room taxes
  - Intergovernmental Revenue
    - Excludes federal money (excludes federal money distributed by the state government)
    - E.x. grants, shared revenue, general transportation aid
  - Charges
    - Excludes utility service charges
  - Miscellaneous General Revenue
    - E.x. interest from bank



- Counterfactual Revenue
  - Base Year Revenue \* [(1 + growth adjustment) ^( n/12)]
    - Base Year Revenue: Revenue for 2019
    - <u>Growth Adjustment</u>: The higher of either 4.1% (federal growth rate) or your community's average annual revenue growth over the three full fiscal years prior to the COVID-19 public health emergency (internal growth rate)
    - <u>n</u>: The number of months that have elapsed since the end of the base year to the calculation date

• 2020: n=12

• 2021: n=24

• 2022: n=36

• 2023: n=48



Counterfactual Revenue Calculation Process

#### • Step One:

```
Growth Rate 2016 to 2017 = \frac{2017 \, Total \, Revenues - 2016 \, Total \, Revenues}{2016 \, Total \, Revenues}
```

and so on....

$$\textbf{Growth Rate 2017 to 2018} = \frac{2018\,\textit{Total Revenues} - 2017\,\textit{Total Revenues}}{2017\,\textit{Total Revenues}}$$

$$\textbf{Growth Rate 2018 to 2019} = \frac{2019\,\textit{Total Revenues} - 2018\,\textit{Total Revenues}}{2018\,\textit{Total Revenues}}$$



Step Two

$$Internal\ Growth\ Rate = \frac{(Growth\ Rate\ 2016\ to\ 2017) + (Growth\ Rate\ 2017\ to\ 2018) + (Growth\ Rate\ 2018\ to\ 2019)}{3}$$

- Step Three
  - Compare Internal Growth Rate to Federal Growth Rate
    - Is 4.1% higher than the internal growth rate?
      - MUST take higher of the two



### • Perform the analysis

	2020 (4	ACTUAL REVENUE)	2021( Projection)	2022 (Projection)	2023 (Projection)
Taxes	\$	311,706.00	\$ 317,940.12	\$ 324,298.92	\$ 330,784.90
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	121,449.00	\$ 121,449.00	\$ 123,274.85	\$ 125,100.70
Current Charges	\$	119,322.00	\$ 121,708.44	\$ 124,142.61	\$ 126,625.46
Miscellaneous General Revenue	\$	2,711.00	\$ 2,765.22	\$ 2,820.52	\$ 2,876.93
Actual Revenue	\$	555,188.00	\$ 563,862.78	\$ 574,536.91	\$ 585,388.00
(Less) Counterfactual Revenue	\$	556,576.90	\$ 579,396.55	\$ 603,151.81	\$ 627,881.03
Lost Revenue	\$	(1,388.90)	\$ (15,533.77)	\$ (28,614.90)	\$ (42,493.03)



 Please go to the Information Library on the WTA Website for an example calculation and access to the revenue loss calculator



### **Questions?**

#### WTA...

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